

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY.  
Fresh trades, fair weather, with occasional showers.

SUGAR—96° Centrifugals, 3.57.

ESTABLISHED JULY 2, 1856.

VOL. XXXVIII. NO. 6529.

HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## THREE BILLS TO BE PASSED BY THE LEGISLATURE

Work Is All Done But Agreement to Reports of Last Conferences.

Loan and Two Salary Measures Will Be Put Through at Sessions Which Will Be Held Today to Finish Up.

Three conference reports to be acted upon represent the work of the Legislature yet unfinished. These will consume the sessions of today, and before night there will be nothing to keep the two bodies from adjourning sine die.

All of yesterday was spent in conferences, except short sessions which made possible those gatherings. There was nothing else to do and the members not on the committees simply sat about and talked of the work and the prospects of a peaceable settlement.

The loan bill, the Six Months' Salary appropriation act and the Eighteen Months' Salary measure are yet to be passed by the agreement to the conference reports, and then adjournment and back home.

### IN THE HOUSE

The House received notification of the signature of the Dole fee bill.

The judges of the Circuit Court submitted the following memorial to the House:

"We respectfully submit that the judges of the Circuit Courts and all officials of such courts, to-wit, the clerks, interpreters, stenographers and bailiffs, are Territorial officials and are not County officials. They certainly are not part of the machinery of the county government, and without such officials the courts are not complete. The salaries of all such officials (except the judges, whose salaries are provided for by Congress) should be a territorial charge and paid out of the Territorial Treasury. However, should your Honorable Body not take that view of the source from which the salaries should be paid, and consider that the salaries should be paid out of the county treasuries, which we submit would be wrong, still in that event we request that the salaries to be received by such officials from whatever source be fixed by the Legislature, which is the territorial law making body, and the body which should fix the compensation to be received by all territorial officials. We believe that if the salaries are not fixed by your Honorable Body, the door will thus be left open to the wrongful exercise of power and favoritism, and the pure administration of justice menaced.

We have the honor to be, Your obedient servants,  
J. T. DE BOLT,  
1st Judge, 1st Circuit Court.  
GEO. D. GEAR,  
2d Judge, 1st Circuit Court.

The Senate notified the House of the adoption of the conference report on the Eighteen Months' Expense bill and the passage of the bill providing for the expenses of the band.

The unfinished business of the House, the conference committee report on the loan bill was called up, but Long moved to postpone until 2 o'clock which was agreed to and the House at once took a recess.

The session reconvened at 4 o'clock after the conference had adjourned. The Senate reported that it could not concur in the amendments to the Eighteen Months Salary bill and had appointed a conference committee. The House agreed to this and the following conference committee was appointed: Kalama, Harr's, Knudsen, Wright and Kou.

It was announced that the committee would meet at 10 o'clock.

The Senate reported the passage of the unpaid bill's special act with the amendments as made there. Andrade moved the House concur, which was agreed to by twenty-eight ayes.

On motion of Long the House took a recess until 8 o'clock.

### IN THE SENATE

House bill No. 10 passed third reading by unanimous ayes of the ten members present. It is another unpaid accounts measure.

House bill No. 9, appropriating \$12,000 to pay Tantalus road damages to the Coney estate, failed to pass third reading for lack of the necessary majority of the entire Senate, on the following vote:

Ayes—Achil, Baldwin, Crabbe, Dickey, Kalauokalani, Nakapaahu, Woods—7.

Noes—Kaohi, McCandless, Paris—3.

A motion to lay the bill on the table had previously been lost.

### LIMITATION OF SESSION.

The following letter from the Attorney General's department was read, accepted and filed:

Gentlemen: In re Failure of the Legislature to Pass Appropriation Bills Providing for the Payment of Necessary Expenses of Carrying on the Government at This Session, Construing Section 54 of the Organic Act.

The question propounded to us we understand to be as follows: Whether or not the Governor must call another extra or special session of the legislature, in order that the legislature may pass appropriation bills in case this session fails to pass either appropriation bills.

This section 54 provides that "until the legislature shall have acted the Treasurer may, with the advice of the Governor, make payments based upon the last appropriations. The clause 'until the legislature shall have acted' refers to the time during which this extraordinary use of past appropriations bills may be made. The legislature has been called according to law, and has failed to act. In such an event it seems to be the logical consequence that this clause comes in to assist the government in regulating its expenditures when the legislature has failed to act. This clause is intended to provide for the very contingency now facing the government. In case the legislature called in extra session does not act, this clause fills in the gap caused by the failure to act. The section requires, and is mandatory upon the Governor to call the legislature in extra session. It does not, however, require the Governor to continue, calling the legislature in extra session for the consideration of appropriation bills, but refers to calling it in extra session, as has been done. Under Section 43, 'The Governor may convene the legislature in special session, but this is in his discretion.' The mandatory clause Section 54 'The Governor shall call, etc.' is to be strictly construed, like all mandatory legislation, and must be taken to mean what it says, and no more.

In order to test this question, let us assume that the Governor shall call the legislature in extra sessions until

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## SCHOOLS KEEP PACE WITH THE TIMES

Practicality in Education Is Reflected From Imperialism Says Professor Rebec—Annual Meeting of Territorial Teachers Association.

Practicality is the present trend of education, according to Professor Geo. Rebec of the University of Michigan, who addressed the Territorial Teachers' Association at the High School yesterday afternoon. The annual meeting was largely attended and before the adjournment the teachers decided to ask the Board of Education to grant them an extended vacation in order that they be given time to attend the St. Louis Exposition.

The meeting was opened with a song by the Normal School boys and they were compelled to respond to an encore. The president then announced the two temporary committees, one on nominations and the other on reading. Secretary Rodgers of the School Board announced that the legislature had made provision for the back salaries of teachers, previously held up by the auditor through a technicality. He requested the teachers to whom these amounts were owing to come to his office and sign the necessary vouchers.

SCHOOL IN COMMUNITY.  
J. C. Davis of Hanalei, Kauai, spoke of the "School as a Factor in Community Life," setting out the importance of the work of the teacher in the upbuilding of an intelligent citizenship. He said that Hawaii more than any other state or territory should have its schools and community in closer communion.

The school which is not in close touch with the community is not in a position to do what is best and highest for the pupil. The aim of the teacher is not only to teach reading, writing and numbers, but he has also the higher duty of inculcating the principles of life and upbuilding the citizenship which is so much needed in this new Territory.

The teacher's work must not be confined to the school hours of nine to two; the influence of the teacher must follow the child not only in the school, but to its home life and parents of the pupil. He must be the guide and mentor of the child, and the adviser of the parents, for some parents are not capable of advising their children. There must be the greatest co-operation between community and school; there must be implicit confidence in the teacher. The school environment must be made so pleasant, that the child will find its greatest happiness while present and the pleasantest memories when absent. The various races in Hawaii, everyone with its own idea of religious and social life, make the work difficult—it should be the teacher's duty to overcome all objections and bind the races into a harmonious whole.

Mr. Davis suggested several plans for carrying out his ideas; one by gardening, the distribution of plants and seeds; the encouragement of home gardens. Another method, the celebration of school holidays with the parents of the pupils. He advised also that teachers follow their pupils—the teacher's moral duty is to look after the pupil when he has left the school. "The teacher's work is never ended," concluded Mr. Davis, "his field of usefulness is not bounded by the four walls of the school room. The ultimate aim is the upbuilding of an intelligent citizenship, which can only be the result when the school and community work in harmony, co-operation and good will."

### ASTRONOMY IN THE HOME.

Mrs. Churchill of Waiialua read an interesting paper on "Astronomy, a Topic for Home Geography," prepared (Continued on page 4.)

## YACHT CAPSIZES AND MEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

The Lotus Overturned in a Squall Off Diamond Head—Her Crew of Four Rescued by the Young Brothers.

Yesterday afternoon the Young brothers picked up four men clinging to a boat off Diamond Head which was rapidly drifting out to sea. Charles and Henry Walker, Herbert Houshaw and Manuel a Portuguese boy had been capsized in the yacht Lotus, and had it not been for a native at the Myrtle boat house, who saw them in their distress, the men would probably by this time have been drowned, for the wind and tide were fast taking them beyond rescue.

The Lotus is a new boat built by the Walkers for the purpose of racing against the Myrtle and the Princess class. She is a skimming dish but has two bilge centerboards. She was launched the first of this week, and yesterday was the first time that she had been taken outside.

In the afternoon about one o'clock the Walkers, in company with Houshaw and Manuel set out for a sail. They had a reef in the mainsail and a storm jib up for there was a good wind and a heavy sea running outside. The Lotus sailed up the harbor once and then stood out toward Diamond Head. A native who was at the Myrtle boat house watched the yacht leave port and then went up town on an errand. On his return he looked for the boat but she was nowhere to be seen. Using a glass he finally picked her up outside of Diamond Head a mile or so. Her mast was gone, and the way she was rolling showed her to be full of water.

John Young immediately started out in the launch Fun to the rescue. Soon afterwards Will Young started out in the Waterwitch as the Fun had also disappeared. The Waterwitch finally found the Fun towing the Lotus a couple of miles off Diamond Head with the men still in the yacht as it was too rough to take them aboard the launch. It seems the Lotus was on the top of a swell when a squall caught her and a stay giving away at a critical moment the boat went over. The crew unshipped the mast and hoisted an oar with a jib on it for a signal, then hung on to the side of the boat and waited for assistance. On board the Waterwitch was Will Young, Crozier and Ruby Dexter. They managed to get the half drowned men aboard, took the Lotus in tow and arrived in the harbor about seven o'clock last night. The men were given dry clothes at the Young's boat house and sent home in hacks.

The Lotus was injured but a very little.

## NO PARTICULAR CHANGE IN THE POPE'S STATUS

Judge Estee Accepts an Offer of Compromise in the Trumbo Judgment.

Influential People in Colombia Still Opposing the Panama Canal Treaty—Renewal of War Rumors in the Balkans.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ROME, July 10.—The Pope is passing a restless night with occasional sleep. The fact that he takes nourishment encourages the populace but the physicians are hopeless. There is no significant change.

### The Estee Judgment Settled.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Judge M. M. Estee of Hawaii has satisfied the judgment obtained against him for \$10,650 on a note given several years ago to Col. Isaac Trumbo of Utah. Judge Estee accepted an offer of compromise at \$2000.

### The Same Old Story.

SALONICA, July 10.—It is believed that war between Turkey and Bulgaria is imminent despite Sofian advices that reinforcements are being stopped.

### The Canal Opposition.

BOGOTA, July 10.—Opposition to the canal treaty still exists in influential quarters.

## NEWS AND GOSSIP FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

The President's Vacation—Postoffice Department Scandals—Mark Hanna's Political Vitality. Gorman for President—Hawaiian Affairs.

(MAIL SPECIAL TO THE ADVERTISER)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 29.—The official summer vacation period, which has had several starts already during the last three months, has now begun in earnest, for President Roosevelt has hastened away to his country seat near Oyster Bay. It has been so cool and comfortable in Washington all through June that little impetus has existed to move out of sight of the Capitol dome but, comfortable or uncomfortable, officials will have their vacation and thereby the proprietors of summer resorts reap a profit. There are always a following of people who do what officialdom is doing.

The President cleared away a great deal of routine business during his three weeks stay here but there was little of the rush and turmoil about the White House which characterizes the presence in town of numerous Congressmen. A few came to town to transact business and do errands for constituents. The federal plum tree was occasionally shaken and a few choice plums have fallen. Considerable business that had accumulated on the desks of cabinet officers, awaiting Mr. Roosevelt's presence, has been cleared away. All in all the decks are free from encumbrances and the ship of state will proceed, according to all prospects, without much commotion for the next two or three months. The grand return of everybody, high and low, to the Capital city will not begin before September 1 and in many cases not till September 15.

### THE POST-OFFICE SCANDALS.

A good deal of President Roosevelt's time was occupied in familiarizing himself with the details of the investigation of scandals in the Postoffice Department. That is about the only item of federal government, which has caused him any worry of late. He has had conference after conference about it with Postmaster General Payne and at times Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, the immediate supervisor and planner of the investigation, has been to the White House, although this is not known here, save for one visit a week or so ago.

There has been a vast deal of talk about Postmaster General Payne resigning, because of alleged mismanagement of the investigation. The President has caused semi-official denials of any such prospect to be printed in the newspapers. Mr. Payne has

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